The Daily Courant.

Teuſday, Auguſt 12. 1707.

London, Auguſt 12.

'SEveral Edicts of the French King, relating to his Mint-Bills, having from time to time been of late publiſh'd here intire. 'Tis preſum'd the following Placards at large of the States General of the united Provinces againſt thoſe Mint-Bills, &c: will not be unacceptable to the Publick.

THE States General of the United Provinces of the Low-Countries, To all to whom theſe Preſents ſhall come Greeting. Know ye, that within theſe three Years, for want of a ſufficient Quantity of ready Money, there has been introduc'd in France a great Number of Mint-Bills, which according to the Edicts of the King of France, are to be receiv'd there in Payments as ready Money: But the ſaid Mint-Bills having loſt moſt of their Credit, and being fallen to a very low Price, by reaſon of the great Number of them that has been given out; Endeavours have been ſet on Foot to ſupply that Deficiency as much as poſſible, by introducing at preſent Bills of Exchange, payable in a Year's time. And foraſmuch as we are inform'd that the Enemy are labouring to negotiate the ſaid Mint-Bills, and Bills of Exchange in this Country, that they may draw from hence ready Money for the Payment of their Armies: For theſe Cauſes, we being deſirous to remedy this Miſchief; and to prevent the ready Money from going out of the Country, for the Payment and Subſiſtance of the Enemies Armies; have thought good, after mature Deliberation, moſt ſtrictly to prohibit and forbid all the Inhabitants of our State, as we do by theſe Preſents prohibit and forbid them, for the time to come, to draw, take, diſcount, endorſe, or accept any Bills of Exchange on France, and the Countries depending on it, except ſuch as ſhall expreſly mention, that the Payment ſhall be made in Crown-Pieces, that is to ſay, of 60 Pence each Piece, after the antient Rate of the Year 1685. and that in caſe the Accepters of ſuch Bills of Exchange will not pay them in ſuch Crown-Pieces, but would give the ſame full Value in Gold, it ſhall be reckon'd after ſame ancient Rate: and that in purſuance hereof the Bills of Exchange from this Country upon France ſhall for the future be drawn in theſe or the like Words: *At double Uſance pay this my firſt Bill of Exchange to the Order of - - - - - - - a thouſand effective Crowns of ſixty Pence each Crown, after the Rate of the Year* 1685, *or their full Value in Gold, after the ſame Rate, Value*, &c. the whole under Penalty of Nullity. In Conſequence whereof We ordain, that no Action ſhall lie in this Country, upon any Bills of Exchange drawn on France, and its dependant Countries, except for ſuch as are drawu as above ſpecify'd. And in caſe it ſhould happen that Refual be made of the Payment of Bills of Exchange drawn in the manner abovemention'd, the Bearers, that they may have their full Courſe at Law againſt the Perſons concern'd, are at Liberty to preſent themſelves with their Declaration or Letter of Advice that the ſaid Payment has not been made; And the ſaid Declaration or Letter of Advice ſhall be held of as much Force as a Proteſt before a Notary. We farther prohibit and forbid to draw, take, diſcount, endorſe, or accept any other Bills of Exchange upon France, and the Countries dependant thereon, than ſuch whoſe Day of Expiration ſhall happen within the ſpace of three Months at moſt, counting from the Date of the Bill of Exchange, under Penalty of Nullity in like manner as aboveſaid: except what relates to Lyons, where the Bills of Exchange ſhall become due at the Fairs as formerly; provided in this laſt Caſe that none ſhall be drawn for a longer time, than for the Fair next enſuing.

We likewiſe prohibit and forbid to negociate by Way of Exchange with the Bankers of the King of France, or their Agents, or to receive from them, any Mint-bills, to return them any Money, or to aſſign any Stocks in Payment, either for the Uſe of the Enemy's Armies or Fleets, or for the Payment of things thereto belonging, or for Penſions or Subſidies, directly or indirectly, upon pain of arbitrary Puniſhment againſt the Offenders.

We farther ordain, that the ſaid Mint-Bills ſhall not be bought in theſe Countries, nor ſold or pawn'd in any Manner whatſoever: The whole under Penalty of Nullity as aboveſaid, and of Confiſcation of whatever ſhall be ſo negociated.

We moreover prohibit and forbid all Notaries, Brokers and other Perſons whomſoever to intermeddle in any Contracts of Buying, ſelling or pawning any prohibited Mint-Bills or Bills of Exchange. Upon Pain to thoſe who directly or indirectly ſhall concern themſelves therein, of Loſs of their Offices, and of arbitrary Puniſhment. And to the End theſe Ordinances may be the better obſerv'd, we impower by theſe Preſents the Burgomaſters and Regents of the reſpective Towns to ſummon before them the chief Bankers, and others who deal in Returns of Money, to enjoyn them ſtrictly to conform themſelves to the ſaid Ordinances. And that none may pretend Ignorance, we command that theſe Preſents be read and affix'd wherever 'tis requiſite. Done at the Hague the 2d of July 1707.

THE States General of the united Provinces of the Low-Countries, to all who ſhall ſee, or hear theſe Preſents read, Greeting. We give you to underſtand, that whereas 'tis come to our Knowledge, that the Current and ready Money is convey'd out of theſe Provinces, to the Prejudice of this Country, to the Advantage of the Enemy, and for the Payment and Subſiſtance of their Armies: For theſe Cauſes, being deſirous to prevent the ſame, we have thought fit after mature Deliberation to prohibit and forbid, as we do prohibit and forbid by

By these Presents, the conveying or causing to be convey'd out of these Provinces, during this Current Year, any coin'd Money, either Silver or Gold, any Silver Plate, Ingotes, or Wedges of Silver; under Pain of Confiscation of the said coin'd Money, Silver Plate, Ingots or Wedges of Silver; and besides of a Fine of three thousand Guilders, impos'd by former Placards: But this shall have no Effect with Regard to the Money that shall be sent abroad by the East-India Company on Account of their Commerce, or to Muscovy, in the Baltick Sea, or into Norway: And as to the Money that shall be requisite for the Payment of the Troops in the Spanish Netherlands, we will give out the necessary Passports for that Purpose. And that none may plead Ignorance, we command that these Presents be publish'd and affix'd wherever Need requires; &c. Done at the Hague the 25th of July 1707.

Falmouth, August 7. Yesterday arriv'd the Alliance Pacquet-Boat in 12 Days from Lisbon, where she left about 150 Sail of English and Dutch Merchant Ships ready to sail for England, under Convoy of Her Majesty's Ships the Ipswich, Berwick, and Bedford. The Captain reports he was chac'd in his Voyage out by 6 Sail of French Men of War, and forc'd under the Guns of a Fort near the Burlings that protected him.

Plymouth, August 8. This Day arriv'd here Her Majesty's Ship the Greyhound from Antegoa, but last from Ireland; and under her Convoy several Ships from the West-Indies for London, &c.

Yarmouth, August 8. This Morning came into this Road about 30 Sail of Laden Colliers, most of them bound for our Haven: At the same time pass'd by on the back of these Sands about 30 more large Colliers bound for the Thames, they came from the Northward without Convoy. Here are Her Majesty's Ships the Lark and Nightingal bound to the Northward, with the first Opportunity, with 9 Sail of Light Colliers.

Never Acted there before.

By her Majesty's Company of Comedians.

AT the Queen's Theatre in the Hay-Market, this present Tuesday, being the 12th of August, will be Reviv'd a Comedy, call'd, Bartholomew Fair. The Part of Cokes the Foolish Esquire to be perform'd by Mr. Bullock. And the Parts of Justice Over-do by Mr. Keene, Quarlous by Mr. Mills, Winwife by Mr Husband, Edgworth by Mr Booth, Waspe by Mr Johnson, Little-Wit by Mr. Norris, Rabby Busy by Mr Pack, Ursula the Pig-wife by Mr. Cross, Nightingal by Mr. Fairbank, Mrs. Welborn by Mrs. Porter, Mrs Purecraft by Mrs. Powell.

This Play is Sold by J. Knapton at the Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, and B. Lintott next Nando's Coffee-House, Temple-Bar.

Dropt out of a Gentlewoman's Pocket on Friday last in the Evening, near the End of Addle-street in Aldermanbury, 4 Yards and 3 Quarters of fine Lace about an Inch broad; seen to be taken up by a Gentleman. If the Person who has it will bring it to the Ship in King-street near Guildhall shall be rewarded to Content.

Whereas it was maliciously intended by the Body of the Distillers in their Advertisement the 29th of July last in the Postman, to damn the Sale of Major Birds Prize Brandy as well as others appearing in print to sell French Brandy.

Major Bird, to justify himself, hath more then once in this and other Papers assorted, his 72 Hogsheads to be nett French Brandy, and such Proof, that one Gallon will go as far in Punch, &c, as 2 Gallon and a half usually Sold by Distillers; and what they call fine Old French Brandy is artificially made both for Colour and Taste: All which must be taken for Matter of Fact; since the Distillers have not so much as attempted to disprove it, notwithstanding great Numbers of them officiously come to taste and prove his Brandy.

The Clergy-Man who Cures the Kings-Evil liveth in Sherburne-Lane near Lombard-street, whose Knowledge and Experience in healing of this Distemper came from Cureing himself, it being evident that no Person was ever more greviously afflicted therewith from Head to Foot (being also blind for 2 years) then he has been, who by the Blessing of God on those Medicines wherewith he was cured, hath for this 10 Years past enjoy'd as good Health, Sight, and sound Constitution as any Man living: The same Specificks have likewise wrought as great Cures in cancerous Tumours and other malignat Ulcers as they have done in Scrophulous.

Long before any such thing as a Venetian Strop was ever hatcht or thought on, were often publish'd the true Original Strops for setting Razors, Pen-knives and Lancets to a most exquisite fine Edge, and polishing them to an extraordinary Brightness; and had not these been known to answer the just Caracter given them through the whole Nation, the Venetian Author had never Aped 'em under a Sham Title, and had the Impudence to impose that Name upon those he knows to be the true ones first publish'd in England, therefore beware of those and other Counterfeits, the True ones being only Sold at John's Coffee-house in Sweething's-Alley near the Royal Exchange, at 1 s. each, with directions fix'd to 'em, as hath been often mention'd in the Gazette. Foul Billingsgate Language (mention'd in the Generous Advertiser) deserving no other Answer than this.

At a Warehouse against St. Christopher's Church in Threadneedle-street, are all Sorts of fine worsted Hose, to be sold Wholesale or Retale, fit either for Merchants or Shopkeepers, viz. Scarlet, Crimson, Blue, Black, Cloth-colours of all Sorts, &c. The Goods are fresh made and will be sold at very reasonable Rates, and daily Attendance given till all are Sold.

This Day is publish'd,

A Muzzle for a Mad-dogg; or, Animadversions on some late scandalous Papers call'd Rehearsers, treating about the Soul, but wrote without Spirit, or Life, in defiance to the truth of Reveal'd Religion: Containing the most material Arguments in that Controversie about the nature of the Soul debated and vindicated from false and Groundless Aspersions: By Evan Lloyd of Clonlenluyid. Gent. Price 6 d. Sold by B. Bragge at the Raven in Pater-Noster-Row.

To Morrow will be publish'd,

The Weekly Comedy, or, The Humours of a Coffee-house. N°. 1. Price 1 d. To be continued every Wednesday by the Author of the London-Spy. Sold by J. Morphew near Stationers-Hall.

Newly Publish'd,

Gulielmi Nicholsii Presbyteri Defensio Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ in qua Vindicantur omnia quæ ab adversariis in Doctrina Cultu & Disciplina ejus improbantur, præmittitur APPARATUS qui Historiam Turbarum, e secessione ab Ecclesia Anglicana Exortarum Continet. Prostant venales apud Guil. Taylor ad Insigne Navis in Cœmeterio Beati Pauli. Pret. 3 s.

Ready for the Press.

Annals of the History of Religion and other remarkable Occurrences in the Church of England, during the first Twelve Years of Queen Elizabeth's happy Reign. Wherein Account is given of the Restoration of Religion from the Corruptions of it introduced under Queen Mary: Of filling the Sees with protestant Bishops: Of the famous Synod of 1562. Of the Practices of the Papists, and of the first Appearance of dissension from the Church establish'd. Compiled out of Papers of State, Authentick Records, &c. of those Times: By John Strype M. A. This Book will contain 150 Sheets: The Price to Subscribers will be 16 s. in Quires. Proposals are deliver'd out by the Author, and by John Wyat at the Rose in St. Paul's Church-yard.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Merchants Magazine; or, Tradesmans Treasury: Treating of Arithmetick, Merchants Accounts, Book-keeping, Maxims about Bills of Exchange, Factors, and Factorage; an Account of the Commodities produc'd by all Countries, Precedents of Merchants Writings, &c. The 5th Edition. By E. Hatton, Gent. Printed for D. Midwinter at the Rose and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard.

Devotions for several Occasions, Ordinary and Extraordinary, in Psalms, and Hymns, and Spiritual Songs, Collected from the Holy Scriptures. By Theophilus Dorrington, Rector of Wittresham in Kent. Design'd for the use of Religious Societies and Families; and for a direction to Parish Clerks in chusing proper Psalms for all Occasions. Printed for John Wyat at the Rose in St. Paul's Church-yard.

A brief Exposition of the Church Catechism, with Proofs from Scripture, by John Lord Bishop of Chichester. The 17th Edition. Price 6 d. Instructions to a young Gentleman how to behave himself in Conversation. Price 1 s. 6 d. The Triumphs of Providence, a Sermon Preach'd at the Savoy Church, by John Dubordieu Minister of the French Congregation there. Price 6 d. All Printed for Bernard Lintott between the two Temple-Gates in Fleetstreet.

Two Treatises, One of the Christian Priesthood, The other of the Dignity of the Episcopal Order: Formerly Written, and now Publish'd, to Obviat the Erroneous Opinions, Fallacious Reasonings, and bold and false Assertions in a late Book, Intituled, The Rights of the Christian Church. By George Hickes, D. D. With a very Large Prefatory Discourse in Answer to the said Book, Written also by the said Dr. Hicks. Printed for R. Sare at Gray's-Inn-Gate in Holborn.

A brief Defence of Episcopal Ordination. In which, I. The Arguments for it are Propos'd. II. The Pleas, for the Right of Presbyters to Ordain, are Examin'd. III. The Pleas, alleged for the same Right in the Laiety, are consider'd. To which are added, A Reply to the Introduction to the 2d Part; and a Postscript relating to the 3d Part of Mr. Calamy's Defence of Moderate Nonconformity. By Benj Hoadly, M. A. Rector of St. Peter's-Poor. Printed for Tim. Childe at the White-Hart in St. Paul's Church-yard.

LONDON: Printed, and Sold by *Sam. Buckley* at the *Dolphin* in *Little-Britain*.

A

POSTSCRIPT

TO THE

Daily Courant.

Tueſday, Auguſt 12. 1707.

London, *Auguſt* 12. *This Morning arriv'd* 3 *Mails from Flanders. The freſheſt Advices are dated on Friday laſt; and the Antwerp Courant of that Date affords the following Articles.*

VENICE, July 30. An Expreſs from Rome has brought Advice that Gaeta has capitulated.

Perpignan, Aug. 3. Beſides 4500 Men which the D. de Noailles detach'd ſome Days ago for Provence, 2 Regiments of Foot and 1 of Horſe that lay hereabouts march'd for that Province yeſterday. We hear of no Motions in Cataloma, the Troops being in Summer Quarters.

Antibes, *Aug.* 4. Since Parties ſent out of this Place ſiez'd ſeveral Mules that were going with Proviſions to the Enemy's Army, 800 of the Enemy's Horſe and a Regiment of Foot are come between Graſſe and this Town for ſecuring their Convoys: To which end they have repair'd the Bridge over the Var, which our Governour caus'd to be ruin'd on Saturday laſt after a great Reſiſtance made by 120 Savoyards that lay to guard it. We have had very ſtormy Weather for ſeveral Days on our Coaſt.

Marſeilles, Auguſt 6. Since we receiv'd a Reinforcement of Men, our Governour has put 350 Men more into the Caſtle of If, and added 20 Pieces of Artillery to thoſe on our Works. La Ciotat and Martigues are fortifying with all Expedition. We have no Advice yet that the Enemy have made any Attempt on the Lines before Toulon, but we hear continual firing of Cannon, which we ſuppoſe to be made upon thoſe of the Enemy's Troops that approach too near thoſe Lines.

Aix in Provence, Auguſt 7. Yeſterday arriv'd near this Place General Medavi with 5000 Men; and this Morning M. Teſſe march'd with 10 or 11000 Men and 6000 Pioneers towards Aubagne, a very advantagious Poſt between this Town and Toulon, where he intends to lye intrench'd. He has ſent a freſh Reinforcement of Men into Toulon, with 100000 Crowns. The Enemy continue encamp'd by la Valette. The ſtormy Weather makes their Fleet keep off the Shore, ſo that they have not been able to land their heavy Artillery. Mean Time Deſerters report, that the Duke of Savoy and Prince Eugene have ſummon'd in a great Number of Pioneers to their Camp, and that they deſign to attack the Intrenchments between Mount St. Anne and the City of Toulon, by Trenches, in the ſame manner as Fortifications uſually are. 'Tis reported the Prince of Heſſe died 2 Days ago at Soulieres.

Avignon, Aug. 8. The Allies have made no Attempt yet on Toulon. The French have ſiez'd all the Boats on the Rhone, from this Place to Valence, and no Perſon can paſs that River without ſpecial Permiſſion. At Pont St. Eſprit they have rais'd 4 Batteries and ſeveral other Works, to cover the Bridge over the Rhone there.

Paris, *Aug.* 15. The King coming from Maſs on Friday laſt, receiv'd an extraordinary Courier from M. Teſſe, who came in 4 Days. The Courtiers ſay he has brought Advice, that our Affairs are well yet in Provence, and that the Enemy (whoſe Fleet had been forc'd by the ſtormy Weather to ſtand far into the Sea) had done nothing againſt Toulon the 8th Inſtant: That beſides all the other Cannon which M. de St. Pater had planted on Mount St. Anne, he had caus'd 56 Pieces of extraordinary Length, to be drawn up and plac'd on it, thinking they will do great Execution upon the Enemy, when they attack our Intrenchments: And that our Troops which lye about Toulon, are under Arms every Day to receive the Enemy.

The Court flatter themſelves, that Want of Proviſions will make ſome Alteration in the Enemy's Deſigns; but we have Advice from Antibes, that above 40 Engliſh Tranſports were come to Nizza, to take in Proviſions, and 'tis fear'd the D. of Savoy will be well ſupply'd from time to time by Sea. The Detachment for Provence made by the D. of Vendome from his Army the 8th Inſt. conſiſts of 12 Battallions and 2 Regiments of Horſe. 'Tis rumour'd the Duke of Burgundy will go to command the Army in Provence.

Hague, Aug. 15. An Expreſs from the confederate Army has brought an Account, That the D. of Marlborough having Intelligence the Enemy had broken up from Gemblours, were advanc'd to the Plain of Fleurus, and ſeem'd to bend their March towards Pieton, decamp'd from Genap the 12th, and took his March towards Nivelle: The 13th the Armies lay near Seneffe, almoſt in Sight of each other; there were ſome Skirmiſhes between the advanc'd Guards, and it was expected a general Engagement would enſue; but the Enemy who had no Mind to fight, and whom the Allies could not come at that Day becauſe of the many Defiles and Roads between the 2 Armies, broke up the 14th in the Morning, and march'd along their Lines to Cambron: Whereupon the D. of Marlborough march'd with the Army of the Allies towards Soignies, in Hopes by his Motions to draw the Enemy at laſt to an Engagement; and if not he may lay Siege to Mons or Charleroy.

Bruſſels, *Aug.* 17. The French Army is now encamp'd at Cambron, and that of the Allies at Soignies.

LONDON: Printed for *Sam. Buckley*, at the *Dolphin* in *Little-Britain*, and Sold by *A. Baldwin* in *Warwick-Lane*.